FOR THE RECORD

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Allele Frequencies for Two STR Loci D5S2500, D10S676 in a Chinese Population

POPULATION: Chinese

KEYWORDS: forensic science, Han in Sichuan, China, DNA typing, short tandem repeats, polymerase chain reaction, population genetics, D5S2500, D10S676

TABLE 1—Allele frequencies of two STR loci in Chinese population.

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D5S2500 V = 119)		10S676 = 120)
Frequency	Allele	Frequency
0.004	14	0.252
0.017	15	0.466
0.269	16	0.209
0.197	17	0.039
0.046	18	0.034
0.059	-	-
0.311	-	-
0.080	-	-
0.017	-	-
1.000	total	1.000
p > 0.05		p > 0.05
	Frequency 0.004 0.017 0.269 0.197 0.046 0.059 0.311 0.080 0.017 1.000	N = 119 (N Allele

^{*} Test for Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium.

Blood samples or buccal swabs were collected from unrelated individuals of Chinese Han ethnic group in eastern China after obtaining their informed consent. DNA was extracted using a Chelex method (1). The volume of PCR reaction for each locus was 37.5 μL . The PCR products were analyzed by non-denaturing polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and visualized by silver staining (2). Data were analyzed using POWERSTATS program (3). The genotype distribution was analyzed for Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium according to Hou's method (4) and no deviation from Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium was observed.

TABLE 2—Population genetics and forensic parameters of two STR loci.

Locus	PIC	DP	Pm	CE	H _o
D5S2500	0.750	0.917	0.083	0.643	0.807
D10S676	0.620	0.834	0.166	0.408	0.650

PIC: polymorphism information content, DP: power of discrimination, Pm: probability of match, H_0 : observed heterozygosity.

Table 1 and Table 2 contain the summary of allele frequencies and forensic values for the two STR loci, respectively. The complete data can be obtained from the authors on request to: yuzhengao@suda.edu.cn

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